

PubMed ▼

Abstract**Full text links**

Gac Sanit. 2015 Jul-Aug;29(4):292-5. doi: 10.1016/j.gaceta.2015.01.001. Epub 2015 Feb 7.

[Implications of psychoactive substances on the health of men deprived of liberty].

[Article in Spanish]

Caravaca-Sánchez F¹, Sánchez-Alcaraz Martínez C², Osuna E², Falcón Romero M², Luna A².

Author information**Abstract**

OBJECTIVE: To describe the frequency of the use of alcohol and other drugs, as well as different types of victimization in men deprived of liberty in the prisons of Castile-La Mancha (Spain).

MATERIAL AND METHODS: A cross-sectional study was conducted in a sample of men deprived of liberty in four prisons in Castile-La Mancha. An anonymous questionnaire on victimization was distributed among a total of 425 prisoners, with a confidence interval of 95%.

RESULTS: The most commonly reported assaults were verbal, affecting 41.4% of the prisoners (n=176) and the least common were sexual, affecting 7.8% (n=33). The most commonly consumed substance was cannabis, with 40.2% (n=171) of prisoners consuming it in the previous month.

CONCLUSIONS: Victimization and substance use is a reality in prisons, and there is a statistically significant association between the two phenomena. This association should be further studied to design preventive measures and improve prison life.

Copyright © 2014 SESPAS. Published by Elsevier Espana. All rights reserved.

KEYWORDS: Drogas de abuso; Drugs of abuse; Prisiones; Prisons; Sexual violence; Victimización; Victimization; Violencia sexual

PMID: 25661465 [PubMed - in process] **Free full text**

Publication Types

LinkOut - more resources

PubMed Commons[PubMed Commons home](#)

0 comments

[How to join PubMed Commons](#)